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GUATEMALA.

Report from Livingston—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Wailes reports as follows: Week ended July 3, 1907. Present officially estimated population, 250; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. No case of yellow fever on railroad since June 2, at Gualan; none in port since June 18.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
June 26	Belize	Mobile	17	0	0	0
26	Flandria	New York	39	10	2	0
July 3	Origen	New Orleans	27	0	0	0

HAWAII.

Reports from Honolulu—Outgoing quarantine transactions.

Chief Quarantine Officer Cofer reports, June 23 and 30:

Week ended June 22, 1907.

Steerage passengers detained one day	61
Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	3
Vessel disinfected and bill of health issued	1
Cabin passengers inspected	28
Steerage passengers inspected	63
Crew inspected	125
Steerage baggage disinfected	pieces 64
Baggage for crew disinfected	do 125
Persons declined certificates on account of fever	3

Week ended June 29, 1907.

Vessels inspected and bills of health issued	2
Vessels disinfected and bills of health issued	3
Cabin passengers inspected	191
Steerage passengers inspected	10
Crew inspected	146
Steerage baggage disinfected	pieces 35
Baggage for crew disinfected	do 130
Hides disinfected	127
Persons declined certificates on account of fever	2

Further relative to smallpox on steamship Kumeric.

On June 25 the steamship *Kumeric*, from Funchal, Madeira, arrived at this port. The vessel brought 1,050 immigrants and 72 stowaways, and carries a crew of 64.

During the voyage there were 2 deaths from smallpox, May 17, and an additional death from the same cause May 19. At the time the ship left Funchal smallpox was quite prevalent in the town. On inspection made of the vessel upon arrival here 5 cases of modified

smallpox were discovered. On account of the fact that the proper isolation had not been carried out the vessel was placed in quarantine in accordance with paragraph 113 of quarantine regulations. The immigrants have been placed in the quarantine station and vaccination has been carried out, together with the usual general disinfection.

(See Public Health Reports, July 5, 1907, page 929.)

HONDURAS.

Report from Ceiba, fruit port.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Reynolds reports as follows: Week ended June 30, 1907. Present officially estimated population about 6,500; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
June 25	Habil.....	New Orleans	15	4	0	0
25	Viator	do	17	0	0	0
25	Joseph Vaccaro.....	do	29	2	0	0
28	Bratten.....	Mobile	15	0	0	0

INDIA.

Report from Calcutta—Transactions of service—Cholera, plague, and smallpox—Cholera epidemic in Kashmir.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Eakins reports, June 13:

Week ended June 8, 1907. No transactions.

Week ended June 1, 1907. Thirty-two deaths from cholera, 100 deaths from plague, and 26 deaths from smallpox.

In Bengal during the same week, 735 cases and 642 deaths from plague.

The cholera epidemic continues in Kashmir. The number of cases reported for the week ended June 3 was 1,447, with 771 deaths.

Since November, 1906, the total number of cases reported is 10,550, of which 5,689 were fatal.

Plague at Karachi and in the Punjab.

From Consul-General Michael, under date of June 6:

Plague is locally as prevalent and destructive as when considered to be at its worst. In Karachi 3 Europeans have been attacked, 2 fatally. Many are being inoculated against the disease.

In Rawalpindi district, Punjab, plague has assumed alarming proportions. The people are panic stricken, and are flying from the villages to the city of Rawalpindi for help and safety. The conditions are becoming worse. There is no wood to burn the dead, and the timber taken from houses is being used. Some Hindus, contrary to their religion, have buried their dead.